SUBJECT No. 96.

Educational Policy in Mysore.

1. Mr. M. Basavayya, B.A., B.L., Lingayet Education Fund Association;
2. (i) to (iv) Mr. M. Subbaiya, B.A, Vokkaligara Sangha, Bangalore; and
2. (i) Mr. V. Nageswara Iyer, Kolar Municipality.

Summary of discussion.—1. With a view to establish uniformity in the education policy of Government between the urban and rural population, and to popularise and develop the Mysore University, Government may be pleased to take early action:—

(i) to render High School education in the State more practical and realistic to the normal than at present, by the introduction of more optional subjects such as, Vocational, Agricultural, Industrial or Technical, on a Polytechnic basis;

(ii) to establish a uniform type of Lower Secondary Schools, with English in all Taluk and Hobli centres with communal hostels and kitchens, to enable the rural population to reap the real benefits of education and transplant themselves from the village primary grade of education to the Secondary and University grade in towns;

(iii) to render education in the primary or elementary grade free throughout the State;

(iv) to attach communal kitchens to all district hostels and enlarge them so as to serve the real need of the different communities in the State.

2. With a view to secure continuity in education and make it more attractive to village students, it is highly desirable:—

(i) to establish a uniform type of schools by abolishing the separate Lower Secondary examinations—one for kannada and the other for english—and by introducing english as a compulsory subject from the first form;

(ii) to open hostels in connection with all Lower Secondary and High School classes;

(iii) to make Primary Education free and compulsory throughout the State;

(iv) to grant freeships to poor and deserving students of the vokkaligar community who fail to secure the backward class scholarships.

Reply of Government.—All this is under consideration and will be discussed in the note which will be published in educational policy in the State.

SUBJECT No. 97.

More Collegiate classes.

1. Messrs. B. K. Garudachar, Bangalore City Municipal Council; B. Venkataramaniah and C. B. Gopala Rao, Kolar Municipality; Sura Sastri, Chikballapur Taluk; Mahamed Sait, A. Krishna Rao, M. Venkatakrishnaiya, A. N. Desikachar, Mysore City Municipal Council; C. Vasudeva Rao and T. B. Malle-Gowda, Chikmagalur Taluk; K. Ramanna and K. Mallappa, Kadur Taluk.
2. Mr. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer, Bangalore District Board.

Summary of discussion.—(1) It is found that many students of the middle classes are obliged to discontinue their collegiate studies for want of seats in the schools from which they pass their S. S. L. C. examinations and where collegiate classes already exist. It is requested that a sufficient number of seats may be provided in the high schools to take in all students who apply and are qualified.

(2) In view of the inadequacy of seats in our high

schools and colleges for students who pass the S. S. L. C. examination, one additional high school may be established in Bangalore City.

Mr. B. Venkataramaiya.—Many students who have passed the S. S. L. C. have discontinued studies for want of seats in the Collegiate High Schools. If collegiate classes are opened in every district high school, the difficulty of securing seats would be less.

Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer.—There are only three high schools in Bangalore City and the number of seats are limited. It is better to have more high schools there.

Reply of Government.—We must improve the existing high schools first. If private agencies wish to start high schools Government would be very glad to help them as much as possible. There is a National High School in Bangalore and we may encourage it. Government have also since opened science classes in every district. In one year; four new collegiate classes have been opened.

SUBJECT No. 98.

(1) and (2) Loan Scholarships.
(3) An Educational Bank for the State.

(1) & (2) Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer, Bangalore District Board; Messrs. Channakesaviah, Tirthahalli Taluk, A. Ananthiah, Nagar Sabha, C. Subba Rao, Shimoga District Board and S. R. Balakrishna Rao, Shimoga Taluk.
(3) Messrs. H. Krishnasastri, Venkatasubbiah and Sambhu Gowda, Krishnarajpete Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(1) A system of loan scholarships, on the model of the system existing in Japan and Baroda may be instituted for students who are Mysoreans by birth or domicile reading in the local general and technical colleges; as well as for those who wish to study in or outside India.

(2) Government may be pleased to give financial help to poor students who give up study for want of means and recoup the amount taking personal or property security.

(3) An Educational Bank may be established in the State for affording necessary relief to the really deserving poor students desirous of having higher education.

Mr. Gopalaswami Iyer.—Loan scholarships should be instituted to be given to candidates who are studying in the local colleges, general and technical in place of the scholarships now given. There are many students who have to give up their studies on account of poverty. These loan scholarships will be a great help to such students. They may be given on personal or property security and recovered later. A scholarship fund may be instituted for this purpose. The number of State scholarships may be reduced.

Dewan.—Your suggestion will be noted.

SUBJECT No. 99.

Scholarships to malnad and technical students.

Mr. Channakesavaiya, Tirthahalli Taluk.
Mr. A. Ananthaiya, Nagar Sabha;
Mr. C. Subba Rao, Shimoga District Board.

Summary of discussion.—The malnad is backward in education. Students of the malnad that study in higher and collegiate classes may be granted free scholarships.

Free scholarships may be granted to Malnad students who have finished their School Final course and who